

Auditor's Annual Report 2020/21

Dorset County Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

4 June 2021

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This report is addressed to the Risk and Audit Committee of the Trust and has been prepared for the sole use of the Trust. We take no responsibility to any member of staff acting in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

External auditors do not act as a substitute for the audited body's own responsibility for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

Summary

Introduction

This Auditor's Annual Report provides a summary of the findings and key issues arising from our 2020-21 audit of Dorset County Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (the Trust). This report has been prepared in line with the requirements set out in the Code of Audit Practice published by the National Audit Office and is required to be published by the Trust alongside the annual report and accounts.

Our responsibilities

The statutory responsibilities and powers of appointed auditors are set out in the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. In line with this we provide conclusions on the following matters:

- Accounts We provide an opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust and of its income and expenditure during the year. We confirm whether the accounts have been prepared in line with the Group Accounting Manual prepared by the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC).
- Annual report We assess w hether the annual report is consistent with our know ledge of the Trust. We perform testing of certain figures labelled in the remuneration report.
- Value for money- We assess the arrangements in place for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness (value for money) in the Trust's use of resources and provide a summary of our findings in the commentary in this report. We are required to report if we have identified any significant weaknesses as a result of this work.
- **Other reporting** We may issue other reports where we determine that this is necessary in the public interest under the Local Audit and Accountability Act.

Findings

We have set out below a summary of the conclusions that we provided in respect of our responsibilities.

Accounts	We issued an unqualified opinion on the Trust's accounts on 4 June 2021. This means that we believe the accounts give a true and fair view of the financial performance and position of the Trust.
	We have provided further details of the key risks we identified and our response on page 4.
Annual report	We did not identify any significant inconsistencies betw een the content of the annual report and our know ledge of the Trust.
	We confirmed that the Governance Statement had been prepared in line with the DHSC requirements.
Value for money	We are required to report if we identify any matters that indicate the Trust does not have sufficient arrangements to achieve value for money.
	We have nothing to report in this regard.
Other reporting	We did not consider it necessary to issue any other reports in the public interest.



Dorset County Hospital NHS Foundation Trust ACCOUNTS AUDIT

The table below summarises the key risks that we identified to our audit opinion as part of our risk assessment and how we responded to these through our audit.

Risk	Findings
Valuation of land and buildings	We did not identify any material misstatements or raise any recommendations relating to this risk.
Land and buildings are required to be held at fair value. As hospital buildings are specialised assets and there is not an active market for them they are usually valued on the basis of the cost to replace them with a 'modern equivalent asset'.	We considered the estimate to be balanced, based on the procedures performed to challenge key assumptions within the valuation, including the use of relevant indices.
The Trust engaged a valuer to undertake an indexation review for the year ended 31 March 2021. The assessment of the fair value of the assets is a key estimate in the financial statements.	
Fraudrisk from expenditure recognition	We did not identify any material misstatements or raise any recommendations relating to this risk.
Professional standards require us to make a rebuttable presumption that the fraud risk from expenditure recognition is a significant risk. We considered this is most likely to occur through manipulating accruals at the end of the year to bring forw ard expenditure w hich should be deferred to the follow ing year.	We identified one audit difference that was below materiality and remained unadjusted within the financia statements
Fraud risk from revenue recognition	We did not identify any material misstatements or raise any recommendations relating to this risk.
Auditing standards set a rebuttable assumption that there is a risk revenue is recognised inappropriately.	
We recognised this risk over the variable elements of income that the Trust has received during the year.	
Management override of controls	We did not identify any material misstatements or raise any recommendations relating to this risk.
We are required by auditing standards to recognise the risk that management may use their authority to override the usual control environment.	



Introduction

We consider whether there are sufficient arrangements in place for the Trust for each of the elements that make up value for money. Value for money relates to ensuring that resources are used efficiently in order to maximise the outcomes that can be achieved.

We undertake risk assessment procedures in order to assess whether there are any risks that value for money is not being achieved. This is prepared by considering the findings from other regulators and auditors, records from the organisation and performing procedures to assess the design of key systems at the organisation that give assurance over value for money.

Where a significant risk is identified we perform further procedures in order to consider whether there are significant weaknesses in the processes in place to achieve value for money.

Further details of our value for money responsibilities can be found in the Audit Code of Practice at <u>Code of Audit Practice (nao.org.uk)</u>

Matters that informed our risk assessment

The table below provides a summary of the external sources of evidence that were utilised in forming our risk assessment as to whether there were significant risks that value for money was not being achieved:

Care Quality Commission rating	Good – November 2018
Single Oversight Frameworkrating	2 - Targeted support: support needs identified in Quality of care, Finance & use of resources and Operational performance – April 2021
Governance statement	There were no significant control deficiencies identified in the governance statement.
Head of Internal Audit opinion	Unqualified

Commentary on arrangements

We have set out on the following pages commentary how the arrangements in place at the Trust compared to the expected systems that would be in place in the sector.

Summary of findings

We have set out in the table below the outcomes from our procedures against each of the domains of value for money:

Domain	Risk assessment	Summary of arrangements
Financial sustainability	One significant risk identified	No significant w eaknesses identified
Governance	No significant risks identified	No significant w eaknesses identified
Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness	No significant risks identified	No significant w eaknesses identified

We have not identified any significant weaknesses with regards to the Trust's arrangements for ensuring value for money. We reported this as part of our audit report and have provided further details in our commentary on pages 6 to 8.

We have not identified any recommendations based upon our risk assessment or work completed in response to the identified risk. We have provided management with performance improvement observations based upon our risk assessment for future consideration.



Financial sustainability	
Description	Commentary on arrangements
This relates to ensuring that the Trust has sufficient arrangements in place to be able to continue to provide its services within the resources	The Covid-19 pandemic has had a major impact on the NHS and this has resulted in changes to the financial planning regime. On 17 March 2020 normal contractual arrangements with NHS providers were suspended and the NHS moved to block contract payments on account. The value of these were determined centrally, rather than being agreed between the CCG and the providers. NHS organisations were also reimbursed with additional funding as required in order to reflect the additional costs incurred as a result of Covid-19. The Trust did not have to submit a formal plan to NHSE/I for this period.
available to it. We considered the following areas as part of assessing w hether sufficient arrangements w ere in place:	For months 7-12 of NHSE/I provided allocations for each CCG, with further funding made available to cover additional cost pressures due to Covid-19 and the provision of services. Following the changes, the Trust presented a Financial Plan with a deficit of £11.6m in October 2020, whilst there was a system wide financial plan for the second half of 2020-21 which forecast a deficit of £21.5m. Whilst the financial position of the Trust and system improved during the year to a break even position by March 2021, the ICS continues to report an underlying deficit. This position is reported to the Trust Board at regular intervals, demonstrating the arrangements in place.
 How the Trust sets its financial plans to ensure services can continue to be delivered; How financial performance is 	We found that the Trust has an appropriate reporting framework in place. The financial performance of the Trust is reported each month to the Finance and Performance Committee with identification of risks within the position. There was evidence of discussion and challenge by the Committee. Reporting has been reduced to the Board during Covid-19 but an escalation report is produced which includes any key aspects that the Finance and Performance Committee want to be brought to the Board's attention. This is presented by the Finance and Performance Committee Chair.
monitored and actions identified where it is behind	Reducing the deficit across the ICS continues to be a key priority within the system that in turn impacts the Trust. We identified one significant risk in relation to the processes for ensuring financial sustainability.
 plan; and How financial risks are identified and actions to manage risks implemented. 	In response to this, we considered the arrangements in place to align the Trust financial plan with the ICS financial plan. The Chief Financial Officer was involved in the planning process and approved the Trust's element of the system plan on 5 May 2021. We found evidence of collaborative working between the Trust and other providers through review of system meetings and ongoing work to develop a financial strategy to mitigate the underlying system deficit in the medium to long term. The Trust has follow ed the planning guidance by working within the ICS and has included efficiency targets which were identified at 0.5% of the six month forecast income.
	We noted that the ICS have provided a clear summary of the key challenges underpinning the plan for H1, including areas where the system plan would not deliver in a letter to NHS England - South West, and a number of programmes that were being implemented across the system to respond to these challenges, demonstrating the system has begun to respond to the identified challenges.
	Through considering these arrangements, we have not identified a significant weakness linked to the identified risk.



Governance	
Description	Commentary on arrangements
This relates to the arrangements in place for overseeing the Trust's performance, identifying	We consider the Trust to have effective processes in place to monitor and assess risk. Strategic risks are recorded and identified using the Board Assurance Framew ork, and any identified risks are reported to the Board. The Board Assurance Framew ork is review ed by the Risk and Audit Committee on a quarterly basis and at least bi-annually by the Board.
risks to achievement of its objectives and taking key decisions.	The effectiveness of internal controls is monitored by the Risk and Audit Committee, through reporting from Internal Audit, Local Counter Fraud and Security Management. The programme of work for each organisation is approved at the start of the financial year by the Risk and Audit Committee, following input by the Lead Director.
We considered the following areas as part of assessing w hether sufficient arrangements w ere in place:	Any recommendations raised by Internal Audit or the Local Counter Fraud are reported to the Risk and Audit Committee. Our review of the Risk and Audit Committee papers confirmed that there was appropriate discussion and follow up of recommendations for both Internal Audit and Local Counter Fraud.
 Processes for the identification and management of strategic 	The Trust has a set of policies, which clearly outline the expected behaviour of staff members in relation to areas such as Gifts and Hospitality, Whistleblow ing Policy and Manging Conflicts of Interest. All policies have been approved in line with their review requirements. These policies continued to apply throughout the period.
 risks; Decision making framew ork for assessing strategic decisions; 	We found there to be appropriate scrutiny and challenge of the budgets and appropriate approval through the budget holders and the Finance and Performance Committee. We also found appropriate processes in place to ensure accurate recording and monitoring of the additional costs associated with Covid-19. Monthly submissions are made to NHS England through the PFR which is approved by the Chief Financial Officer.
 Processes for ensuring compliance with laws and regulations; and 	Key strategic decisions are made via the Trust's governance process. A scheme of delegation is in place which sets out where different decisions/approvals should take place. Key decisions are made through management and escalation process for such matters at divisional operational, executive management and Board level.
 How controls in key areas are monitored to ensure they are w orking effectively. 	Over the course of the next two financial years the Trust are undergoing two significant capital projects, with the construction of the multi-story car park and the re-design and extension of the emergency department. The Business Case for these projects have been appropriately review ed and approved by the Board. The Finance and Performance Committee are provided with regular updates as to the progress with further reporting provided to the Board for further assurance.



Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness







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